## Global Macro, Asset Strategy

4q12 outlook - Long EM / Asia debt
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Your Partner In Finance

Products: ETF | CFD | Unit Trusts
Table summary of Asset Strategy Pg3, with ETF and CFD instruments to trade the outlook. Pg4, with UTs

Are markets racing ahead when economic fundamentals remain lackluster (at best)?

In our last Global Macro \& Markets on the $26^{\text {th }}$ July, we guided then that the Global Equities rebound since June would soon be under pressure due to a global economic slowdown and US fiscal uncertainty.

Since then, while the global economy continues its slowdown path, equities have instead rallied due to 2 major QE announcements - Mr. Bernanke's seminal speech on $31^{\text {st }}$ Aug made the formal QE3 announcement on $13^{\text {th }}$ Sep a certain event, followed by the ECB's $6^{\text {th }}$ Sep unlimited bond buying threat (Outright Monetary Transactions or OMT). The question now is: what now that the news is out?

Current economic conditions globally still do not gel with a continued rally, so the fact that the equities uptrend is firmly intact implies that the onus is now on the global economy to truly respond positively to QE3OMT, and rebound. Manufacturing and exports globally are slowing down, equity markets are therefore giving QE3-OMT the benefit of the doubt. Other meaningful risk remains on the horizon - the US fiscal cliff and the continued business uncertainty it causes till Jan2013. Downside risks of a euro breakup have receded - but not eliminated. A more sinister risk lurking in the background, which could pounce to the fore is unhinged inflation expectations, that could lead to geopolitical instability (again).

We obviously had to re-adapt our strategy over September (in Morning Market Commentary, please keep up with it daily) as QE3-OMT are game changers in the near-term at least. While it's hard to still be bearishneutral on stocks given QE3-OMT, if the global economy does not respond to all this monetary stimulus, we could still end up with a big sell-off. The thing about QE3 is that it is hard to top, so if the economy does not rebound, there is not much the Fed can do till the end of Mr. Bernanke's tenure (Jan2014). In such a scenario, fiscal policy is all that's left for the US, and yet again, from the way markets are going, it's betting that the fiscal cliff at year end gets averted.

Economics and markets diverge, policy rules. In times like this, one has to fall back on what the chart tells you - the uptrend is back on for equities - previous technical damage to charts seem more or less repaired as markets regained ground and more. You can go long on just about any equity market, but we have to warn

9 October 2012 Phillip Securities Research Pte Ltd you, if QE3 fails to resuscitate the US economy and the world, things could quickly flip. Thus adopt a trader's mindset with very tight stops. If the global economy responds to QE3-OMT, well and good, but if it doesn't, you just don't know how long markets will give QE3OMT the benefit of the doubt. Thus while we recognise the technical strength in the charts, we're just "neutral" on stocks given the fundamentals. No change also to the fact that amongst regions we still continue to prefer and Overweight the ASEAN region (ASEAN 40 ETF: QSO:SGX) to other regions on resilient domestic demand offsetting external weakness. Within the ASEAN space we prefer Singapore (ES3:SGX), Thailand (LG7:SGX) and Philippines (N2E:SGX).

But there are better things to trade - instead our key calls are as follows:

- Long Mortgage Backed Securities (ETFs: VMBS:US) - the Fed is going to buy this at US\$40b/mth indefinitely until the economy rebounds - which on the Fed's definition of $5-6 \%$ unemployment, which could take a while.
- Long Gold (ETF: 087:SGX, the SDPR Gold Trust) on indefinite QE.
- Long EM/Asia debt (ETFs: N6M:SGX, N6L:SGX, O9P:SGX ; EMB:NYSE, LEMB:NYSE, and EMHY:NYSE) - our main call, and best call, since we started GMAS in July. Risk on or risk off, portfolios will have to explore beyond traditional safe havens which yield too low to protect purchasing power and have doubtful credit ratings. EM/Asia nations on the other hand have nominal GDPs compounding faster than debt and $+3.5 \%$ yields to boot. It's a structural shift toward diversifying bond portfolios to include EM/Asia as core fixed income holdings, which we think will spill over to the higher yield segments. We also noticed both US\$ and LC denominations rallying, as US\$ portfolios will negate forex risk by exploring the US\$ EM/Asia space while Asian based portfolios will buy the LC EM/Asia space in anticipation of US\$ de-basement.
- Long high-yield US corporate bonds (ETF: HYG:NYSE) as US\$ portfolios move out of treasuries and investment grade corporate to trudge further along the risk spectrum in search of yield.

How should Unit Trust (UT) clients invest? UT investors cannot trade the near-term market outlook owing to significant transaction costs involved (as compared to ETFs and CFDs). UT investors have to dig in for the long haul and ignore the volatility unless broader macro themes change. Thus, we advise UT investors to ride on the broader macro themes that is unfolding in Asia instead - rise of the middle-class consumerism,

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massive infrastructure building and favourable demographics. Thus, stay focused on Asian equities \& bonds in a balanced portfolio and of course, select proven managers.

A balanced portfolio from a 30 yr US experience indicates that it outperforms two-thirds of the time as opposed to pure stocks (chart below). As we are bullish on EM/Asia bonds as well as Asian equities over the long term, we reckon investors should also take heed to the historically proven 60-40 benchmark split and consult their FAs to balance their portfolios according to their long term goals.


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## Global Macro, Asset Strategy Team, Phillip Securities Research

* Absolute Return: BL = Bullish ; N = Neutral ; BR = Bearish
* Relative Return: OW = Overweight ; MW = Neutralweight ; UW = Underweigh


## MACRO OUTLOOK

- Global Economy: growth still slowing, high frequency indicators turning negative on \%y-y 3 mma
- Mon. Policy: Massive, unprecendented QE coordination from G3. Most Asian CBs have room to cut, ECB room to cut.
- Fiscal Policy: US facing fiscal cliff, EU austerity. China measured. MY looking stretched. Asia, ASEAN in general still has bullets
- Tail Risks: ECB's OMT has removed EZ breakup for medium term. But EZ debt compounding faster than Nom. GDP, is a underlying breakup risk. US fiscal cliff looms.


## INTER-MARKET PICTURE: Risk-On due to QE3

- Bonds: OVERWEIGHT - Safe Havens look neutral, gained back some ground after QE3. Best trade since GMAS 26th July: EM \& Asia bonds still rallying. Long mortage backed on QE3.

Equities: MARKETWEIGHT - QE3 has sparked a rally, but if underlying economy does not respond to QE3, it could get ugly. Adopt a traders mindset.
Commodities: UNDERWEIGHT - Rallied on QE3 but now looking tentative and undecided - QE3 is supportive but global economy is not.
Gold: OVERWEIGHT on indefinite QE.

| Broad Asset | Sub-Asset | Absolute Return / Relative |  |  | CFD |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Return * |  | ETF |  |
| Bonds | US Treasuries | N/UW |  | 10-20yr Treasuries (TLH:NYSE) / +20yr |  |
|  | US Mortgage Backed | BL/OW |  | VMBS:NYSE / MBG:NYSE |  |
|  | US Corp | N/MW |  | VCLT:NYSE / LQD:NYSE |  |
|  | US Corp High Yield | BL/OW |  | HYG:NYSE |  |
|  | EM US\$ Govt | BL/OW |  | EMB:NYSE |  |
|  | EM LC Govt | BL/OW |  | LEMB:NYSE |  |
|  | EM US\$ HY Corp \& Govt | BL/OW |  | EMHY:MYSE |  |
|  | Asian US\$ Govt \& Corp | BL/OW |  | N6M:SGX |  |
|  | Asian LC Govt \& Corp | BL/OW |  | N6L:SGX |  |
|  | Asian US\$ Corp HY | BL/OW |  | O9P:SGX |  |
| Equities | US | N/UW |  | SPDR S\&P 500 (SPY:NYSE) | US SP 500 Index USD5 CFD (S\&P500), Wall Street Index USD1 CFD (DJIA) |
|  | Europe | N/UW |  | SPDR Stoxx 50 (FEU:NYSE) |  |
|  | India | N/UW |  | iShares MSCI India (I98:SGX) | India 50 Index USD1 CFD (S\&P CNX Nifty Index) |
|  | China | N/MW |  | HKCEI (2828.HK), CSI300 (83188.HK) | H Shares Index HKD5 CFD (CEI :H-shares), FTSE China A50 Index USD1 CFD |
|  | HK | N/MW |  | Tracker Fund of Hong Kong (2800.HK) | Hong Kong 40 Index HKD5 CFD (HIS) |
|  | Japan | N/UW |  | Nomura ETF Nikkei 225 (1329.JP) | Japan 225 Index JPY100 CFD (Nikkei 225), Tokyo Index JPY1000 CFD (TOPIX) |
|  | S.Korea | N/MW |  | DBXT - MSCI Korea (IH2:SGX) |  |
|  | Taiwan | N/UW |  | DBXT - MSCI Taiwan (HD7:SGX) | Taiwan Index USD20 CFD (MSCI Taiwan) |
|  | Australia | N/MW |  |  |  |
|  | Singapore | N/OW |  | SPDR STI (ES3:SGX) / Nikko AM STI | Straits Times Index SGD5 CFD (STI), Singapore Index SGD20 CFD (SMSCI) |
|  | Malaysia | N/MW |  | DBXT - MSCI Malaysia (LG6:SGX) | FBM KLCl MYR10 CFD (Bursa Malaysia KLCl) |
|  | Thailand | N/OW | ETF (QSO:SGX | DBXT - MSCI Thailand TRN (LG7:SGX) |  |
|  | Indonesia | N/MW | or M62:SGX) | DBXT - MSCI Indonesia (KJ7:SGX) | Indonesia Index USD1 CFD (MSCI Indonesia Index) |
|  | Phillippines | N/OW |  | DBXT - MSCI Philippines (N2E:SGX) |  |
|  | Vietnam | N/MW |  | DBXT - FTSE Vietnam (HD9:SGX) |  |
| Commodities |  | Neutral / | Jnderweight | Lyxor Commodity 10\$US (AOW:SGX) |  |
| Cash |  | Marketwei |  |  |  |
| Gold |  | Bullish / O | verweight | SPDR Gold ETF (O87:SGX or GLD:NYSE) |  |

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Unit Trust
MACRO OUTLOOK:

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But EZ debt compounding faster than Nom. GDP, is a underlying breakup risk.

* Absolute Return: BL = Bullish ; N = Neutral ; BR = Bearish
* Relative Return: OW = Overweight ; MW = Neutralweight ; UW = Underweight

| Broad Asset | Sub-Asset | Absolute Return / Relative Return * | Unit Trust |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bonds | Global | BL/OW (as an asset class) | Templeton - Global Total Return A Acc - USD |
|  | Global Corporates |  | Schroder - ISF Global Corporate Bond A Acc -USD |
|  | Global Emerging Markets |  | Pimco GIS - Emerging Markets Bond E Acc -USD |
|  | Global High Yield |  | Pimco GIS - High Yield Bond E Acc -USD |
|  | Inflation Linked |  | Schroder - ISF Global Inflation Linked Bond A -EUR |
|  | US |  | Fidelity - US Dollar Bond A Inc -USD |
|  |  |  | Fidelity - US High Yield A -USD |
|  | Europe |  | Fidelity - Euro Bond A -EUR |
|  |  |  | Fidelity - European High Yield A -EUR |
|  | Asia Pacific |  | UOB - United Asian Bond -SGD |
|  | China |  | UOB - United Renminbi Bond -SGD (offshore RMB fund) |
| Equities | US | N/UW | Lion Global - Infinity US 500 Stock Index -SGD |
|  | Europe | N/UW | Parvest - Equity High Dividend Europe Classic Cap -EUR |
|  | India | N/UW | Aberdeen - India Opportunities -SGD |
|  | Greater China | N/MW | First State - Regional China Acc - SGD |
|  | China | N/MW | Aberdeen - China Opportunities - SGD |
|  | S.Korea | N/MW | Lion Global - Korea Acc-SGD |
|  | Taiwan | N/UW | Lion Global - Taiwan Acc -SGD |
|  | Japan | N/UW | Aberdeen - Japan Equity -SGD |
|  | Australia | N/MW | Lion Global - Australia Acc -SGD |
|  | ASEAN | N/OW | JPM JF ASEAN Equity Fd A (Acc) -SGD |
|  | Singapore | N/OW | DWS - Singapore Small Mid Cap A -SGD |
|  | Malaysia | N/MW | First State - Singapore Growth Acc SGD (S'pore and Malaysia) |
|  | Thailand | N/OW | Aberdeen - Thailand Equity -SGD |
|  | Indonesia | N/MW | Aberdeen - Indonesia Equity -SGD |
|  | Phillippines | N/OW | Lion Global - Philippines Acc -SGD |
|  | Vietnam | N/MW | Lion Global - Vietnam Acc-SGD |
| Commodities |  | Neutral / Underweight | DB Platinum - Commodity R1C B -USD |
| Gold |  | Bullish / Overweight | Schroder AS - Gold \& Precious Metals A Acc -USD |

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Global equities have given QE3 the benefit of the doubt for now.

From the MSCI World below, the upper downtrend line which had acted as resistance was easily broken as equities rallied euphorically


Resistance was also broken in MSCI Asia ex-Japan


QE3 also reinforced the uptrend seen in US S\&P500...

... while ASEAN resumed its uptrend.


The global macroeconomy has yet to emerge from a slowdown. We caution that it might be "buy first and sell later" if the global economy does not respond to the stimuli.


In the US, the slowdown in investment cycle portends an end to the business cycle.

Capex cycle has peaked with new orders turning negative...

...and manufacturing new orders continue to slump

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Unemployment has also remained elevated with jobs simply not created fast enough. Increasingly, frustrated job seekers have given up looking for a job, which translated to a declining labour force participation rate.


Jan- Jan- Jan- Jan- Jan- Jan- Jan- Jan- Jan- Jan- Jan- Jan- Jan-
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}00 & 01 & 02 & 03 & 04 & 05 & 06 & 07 & 08 & 09 & 10 & 11 & 12\end{array}$

We see some signs of stabilisation in the housing market. But this housing rebound has not been able counter the broad slowdown - yet. Though QE3 might provide this additional boost.



Eurozone is still muddling along in a recession with core economies such as Germany and France also adversely affected by sluggish demand within the bloc. In the medium term (at least), growth for the bloc is likely to be constrained by lack of a growth plan and incessant austerity measures (see Strategy $12^{\text {th }}$ April on the New Fiscal Compact).


China is in a rebalancing slowdown. While the manufacturing activity continues to contract, services sector (indicative of domestic demand) has also slowed down as well. With manufacturing new export orders mired in contraction territory, we expect exports to remain sluggish at best amid lackluster external demand.

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The Shanghai Composite is also languishing at multi-year lows, amid subdued industrial profits and uninspired by the extent of (or rather lack of) policy stimulus.


In recent weeks, the Chinese government has fasttracked investment on infrastructure (to the tune of around RMB 1 trn). The Chinese State Council has also undertaken various measures to stimulate exports by (i)
increasing lending to small exporting firms as well as (ii) accelerating the tax rebate process. This comes after Premier's Wen assurance that (i) China is on track to meet its 2012 growth target ( $7.5 \%$ ) and there is (ii) there is ample room for further fiscal and monetary stimulus. Going forward, we think RRR cuts, Reverse Repos and moderate fiscal stimuli are the more likely near term options to resuscitate the anaemic Chinese economy. Nonetheless, should growth come in lower-than-expected in the months ahead, the PBoC might even throw caution to the wind and slice interest rates.

Amid sluggish external demand, Asia's exports are struggling. However, for ASEAN economies, robust domestic demand has managed to mitigate this weakness in net exports.




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However, downside risks persist arising from:
(i) unresolved issues in the Eurozone. If Rajoy continues to procrastinate by delaying Spain's bailout request, bond markets will punish Spain with higher borrowing costs. Already, 10yr Spanish yields are flirting with the $6 \%$ levels, though still lower than yields registered prior to ECB's OMT announcement. Greece -lurking at the backdropalso remains a wild card.

(ii) uncertainties arising from the looming fiscal cliff in the US with tax increases and spending reductions amounting to around US\$607 bn.

|  | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | In Billions of Dollars |  |  |  |
|  | CBO's August 2012 Baseline |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 2,435 | 2,913 | 3,208 | 3,541 |
| Outlays | 3,563 | 3,554 | 3,595 | 3,754 |
| Deficit | -1,128 | -641 | -387 | -213 |
| Debt Held by the Public at the End of the Year | 11,318 | 12,064 | 12,545 | 12,861 |
|  | As a Percentage of GDP CBO's August 2012 Baseline |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | 15.7 | 18.4 | 19.6 | 20.3 |
| Outlays | 22.9 | 22.4 | 21.9 | 21.5 |
| Deficit | -7.3 | -4.0 | -2.4 | -1.2 |
| Debt Held by the Public at the End of the Year | 72.8 | 76.1 | 76.6 | 73.8 |
| Source: Congressional Budget Office. |  |  |  |  |

## ASSET STRATEGY

## MARKETWEIGHT EQUITIES

While it's hard to be bearish on global equities on a 3 month horizon owing to the positive sentiment from QE3OMT, we think one can't be outright bullish either in view of the divergence between markets and economics. Upside risk - QE3 could work on the US economy (we doubt it but could be wrong). Downside risk - global economic sluggishness to continue (our outlook).

In terms of regions:
UW US (ETF: SPY:NYSE). The S\&P 500 (SPX) upward trend is still intact and strong. Don't fight the trend, as those with a trader's mindset might
say. But we opine that markets might have not fully priced in its weak macro fundamentals as well as the looming fiscal cliff. Furthermore, EPS may come in negative year-on-year for 3q12.

- MW N.Asia (ETFs: 2800.HK, IH2:SGX, HD7:SGX) (though we still think China [ETFs: HKCEI (2828.HK), CSI300 (83188.HK)] is good value from a 3 -5yr horizon).
- OW ASEAN (ETFs: QSO:SGX for $\mathbf{S \$}$ or M62:SGX for US\$) on account of resilient domestic demand as well as relatively benign inflation. ASEAN is currently on the right developmental path, with strong domestic demand aided by government infrastructure plans mitigate the external downside.
- Within ASEAN, we prefer:
(i) Singapore (ES3:SGX). STI derives more than half of its EPS from ASEAN \& EM and is likely to be a key beneficiary in the global search for yield.
(ii) Thailand (LG7:SGX). MSCI Thailand has outperformed MSCI Far East ex-Japan ytd. On an absolute performance basis, while Thailand has continued to hold out well due to its domestically driven story, continued positive bias would depend very much on domestic policies continuing to counteract a slowing global economy.
(iii) Philippines (N2E:SGX). Resilient domestic demand, accommodative monetary policy as well as the ongoing private-public partnership (PPP) program will continue to lend support to MSCl Philippines.


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## OVERWEIGHT BONDS

Our OW on bonds mainly reflects the positivity we have toward EM/Asia debt, the search for yield beyond traditional safe havens, as well as reflects the cautiousness we have with regard to the macro outlook as well as the lingering downside risks.

OW EM/Asia Bonds (ETFs: N6M:SGX, N6L:SGX, and O9P:SGX ; EMB:NYSE, LEMB:NYSE, and EMHY:NYSE). Our main call, and best call, since we started GMAS in July. Risk on or risk off, portfolios will have to explore beyond traditional safe havens which yield too low to protect purchasing power and have doubtful credit ratings. EM/Asia nations on the other hand have nominal GDPs compounding faster than debt and $+3.5 \%$ yields to boot. It's a structural shift toward diversifying bond portfolios to include EM/Asia as core fixed income holdings, which we think will spill over to the higher yield segments. We also noticed both US\$ and LC denominations rallying, as US\$ portfolios will negate forex risk by exploring the US\$ EM/Asia space while Asian based portfolios will buy the LC EM/Asia space in anticipation of US\$ de-basement. To sum up: (1) improved credit ratings (in general) (2) outflow from low yielding traditional "safe havens" (3) a mild inflation backdrop. Risk to this call would be QE3 engineering the worst side effect - unhinged inflation expectations - so far no evidence of this.

OW Mortgage Backed Securities (ETFs: MBG:US or VMBS:US) - the Fed is going to buy
this at US\$40b/mth indefinitely until the economy rebounds which we may take a while.

OW Credit. High-yield corporate bonds (ETF: HYG:NYSE) are also likely to remain attractive as investors will have to trudge further along the risk spectrum in search of yield.

OW Treasury inflation-protected securities (ETF:TIP). Portfolios are loading up TIPs as inflation insurance in view of the open-ended nature of QE3.

UW US Treasuries (ETFs: TLH:NYSE, TLT:NYSE) and MW US Investment Grade Credit (ETFs: VCLT:NYSE and LQD:NYSE). US Treasuries have taken a beating with QE3 inducing risk-on, but yet the long term bull trend remains intact. As interest rates will be near zero for an extended time with inflation benign, and given the challenges ahead for the US economy, chances of a scramble for treasuries exist. Yet, it could easily go the other way if QE3 works out. Furthermore, treasuries are not the primary target of the Fed's QE3. We have low conviction on treasuries and so underweight them.


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## UNDERWEIGHT COMMODITIES, OVERWEIGHT GOLD

- QE3 is a big positive. We concede commodities could go higher. But we UW commodities (ETF: AOW:SGX) in view of a lackluster economic outlook abound with significant downside risks. We OW Gold (ETFs: 087:SGX or GLD:NYSE) for obvious reasons -QE3.




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