

US Macro Asset Strategy - Update

Upgrade US equities to OW as the US macroeconomy likely reached an inflection point

by Ng Weiwen & Joshua Tan
Products: ETF | CFD | Unit Trusts

20 March 2013
Phillip Securities Research Pte Ltd

Revised table summary of Asset Performance (Pg5) and Strategy (Pg6), with ETF and CFD instruments to trade the outlook. Tactical trading without front-load sales charge is available with a Phillip UT WRAP account.

In this note, we update our views on US.

- (i) Upgrade US equities from MW to OW in view of improving macro fundamentals (esp with consumption holding up) as well as robust momentum (rather than value) in equities. However, we caution that this rally has been driven by multiples expansion (rather than earnings) as well as the Fed's near zero interest rate policy (ZIRP) and large scale asset purchases (LSAPs). Furthermore, fiscal uncertainties persist, though lawmakers are making some efforts to put their act together and reach a bipartisan compromise.
- (ii) Maintain Long USD against EUR, JPY. The USD is undergoing a structural shift. Looking ahead, the USD is likely to relinquish its status as a funding currency to the JPY and instead continue to outperform along with risky assets.
- (iii) Low Conviction on Treasuries and US Investment Grade Corporate Debt -maintain UW for both of them- on account of poor reward to risk ratio.

In terms of our global macro asset strategy, no change to our broad call of OW equities, MW bonds, MW commodities and UW gold. Equities are still likely to rally in a risk-on mood, punctured by intermittent episodes of pull-back in prices which offer an attractive opportunity to accumulate our OWs in US (albeit a small OW), CN, HK (on compelling valuations), PH, TH (resilient domestic demand) and SG (construction boom, attractive dividend yield).

Upgrade US equities to OW from MW

Notwithstanding a possible pull back in the near term, the US macroeconomy is at an inflection point with all cylinders (employment, consumption, investment, housing and trade) firing ahead. And that could continue to lend support to US equities risk rally.

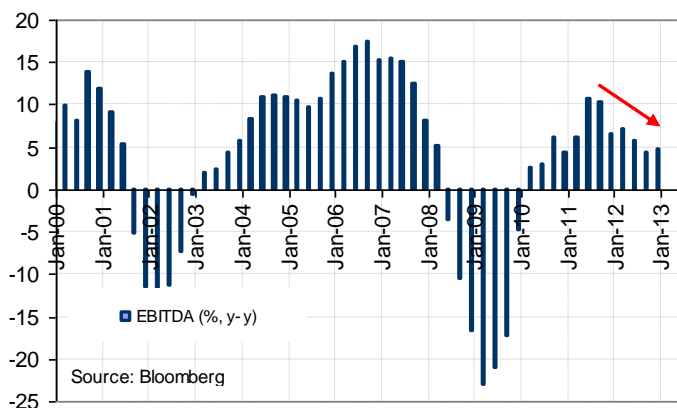
The fact that S&P and DJIA merely slipped –rather than correct sharply- in view of the latest Cyprus bailout suggest that the US equities market is still very much a healthy one.

In our recent GMAS (dated 4th March), we have been MW US and highlighted there are upsides to our call. The green light to upgrade US equities to OW was flashed on account of the recent release of stronger-than-expected Feb retail sales which suggest that consumers shrug off the drag from payroll tax hikes at the turn of this year as well as higher gasoline prices. This recent encouraging data portend further upsides for consumption spending and consequently GDP growth in 1Q13.

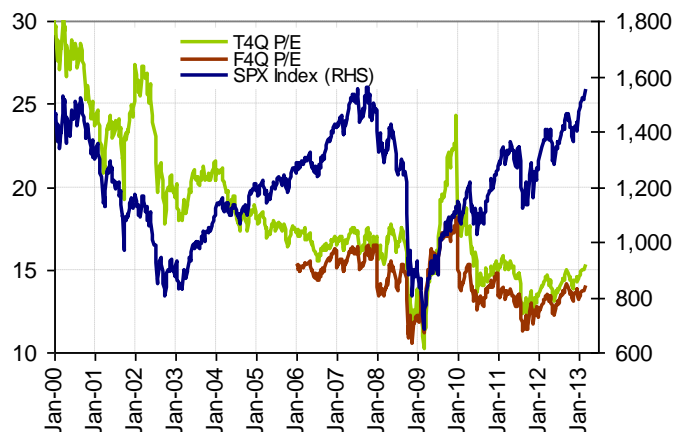
In this note, we formally upgrade US to OW on account of (i) strong *momentum* rather than *value* in equities, (ii) improving macroeconomic fundamentals.

But this OW assigned is a small one on account of headwinds such as the persistent fiscal uncertainties.

In recent sessions, the DJIA has inched up higher to fresh highs, with the S&P 500 a whisker away from its record high. But we reckon that **this recent rally has not been driven by earnings**



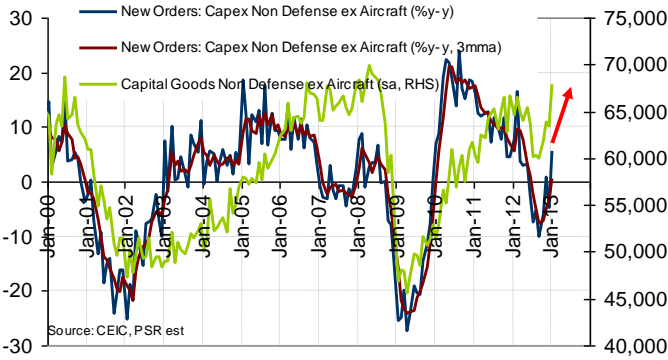
Instead, this looks more like a multiples expansion rally and valuations are rich (with little upside to earnings)



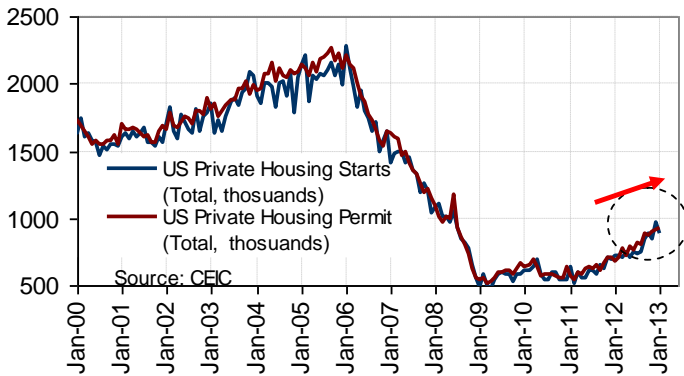
Other factors that bode well for US equities include:

- (i) Still-accommodative monetary conditions,
- (ii) Shale gas and oil boom which will stimulate a revival of US manufacturing and reduce US reliance on costly energy imports
- (iii) Positive spillovers from EU-US free trade agreement (deal scheduled by end 2014 and expected to add 0.2ppts to US GDP)

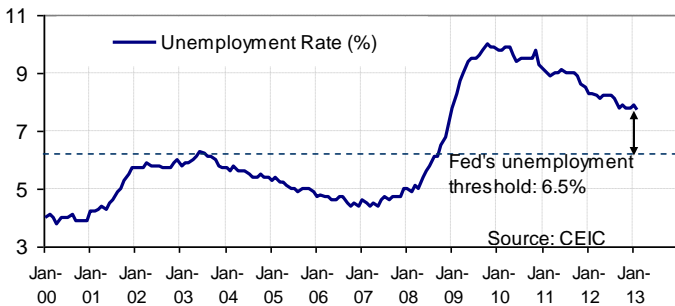
Capex rebounded strongly as businesses ramp up investments after the fiscal compromise at the turn of this year



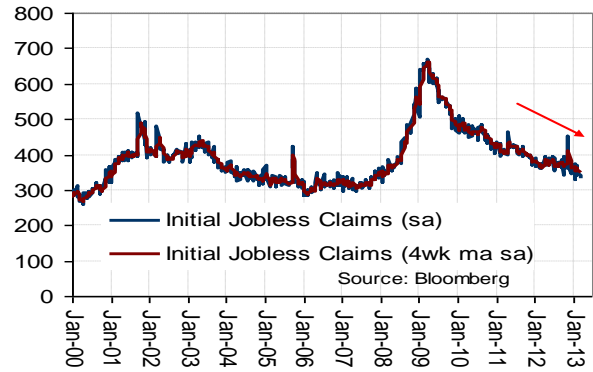
Housing market recovery continue to hum along



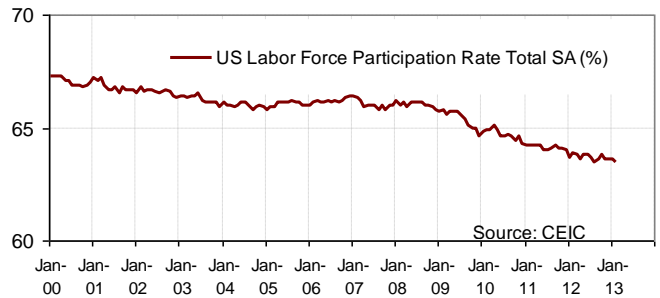
Labour market improved with unemployment rate declining to a 4year low...



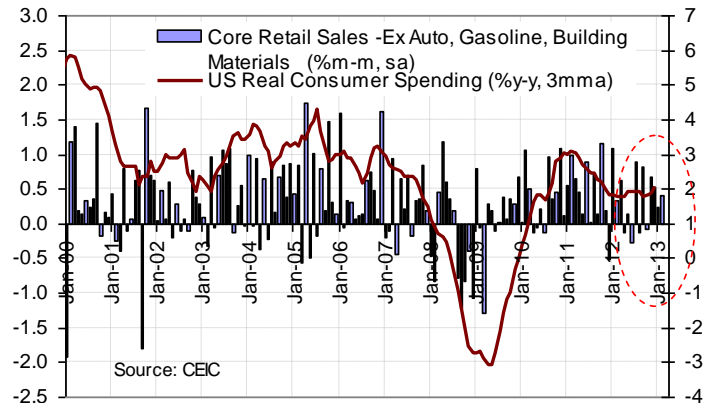
... and initial jobless claims declining to almost a 5-yr low



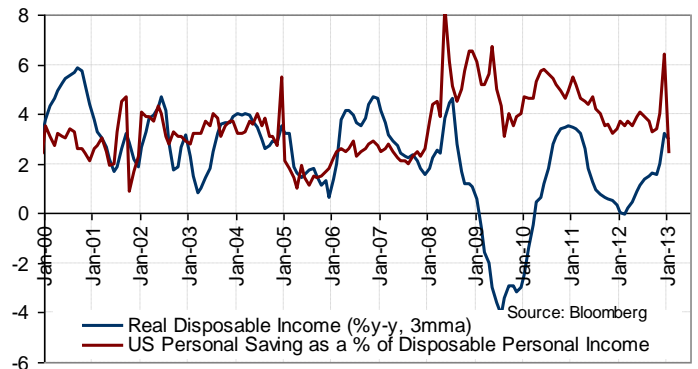
But labour force participation rate worsened suggesting that the labour market recovery is still fragile at best.



Some bright spots in consumption. Core retail sales -ex auto, gas and building materials-gained 0.4% m-m in Feb, following a 0.3% increase the preceding month.



But personal disposable income needs to hold up, otherwise the strong consumption spending in the 1Q13 will likely fizzle out as there is a limit to how much households can dig into their savings.



Notwithstanding these encouraging data on the macro front, the "sequester" –automatic and across-the-board budget cuts- during the remainder of FY13 (March through Sept) - will still likely weigh growth on 2H13 and shave off around 0.6%pt from calendar year 2013 economic growth.

Still we are cautiously optimistic that Congress might dampen the fiscal drag to some extent possibly via legislative changes as well as emergency appropriations. Thus, on balance, we revised downwards (GMAS 4th Mar) our real GDP growth for the US by 0.5%-pt to 1.7% for the whole of 2013. Downside risk to our US 2013 GDP forecast is a sharper-than-expected fiscal drag. On the other hand, a strong-than-expected capex rebound would pose some upsides for growth.

Apart from the sequestration, there is likely a lagged adverse effect of the payroll tax hikes on household consumption. While recent macro data suggests US consumers -in the face of the payroll tax hike- saved less to keep spending up, the question is whether consumers will continue to dig into savings? Households could have saved quite a fair bit of early dividend payouts distributed last Dec, indicating a possible one-off payback effect. **But Jan-Feb retail sales have proved to be resilient thus far. Though that means either consumers continue to dig into their savings to finance consumption or personal income was higher than expected.**

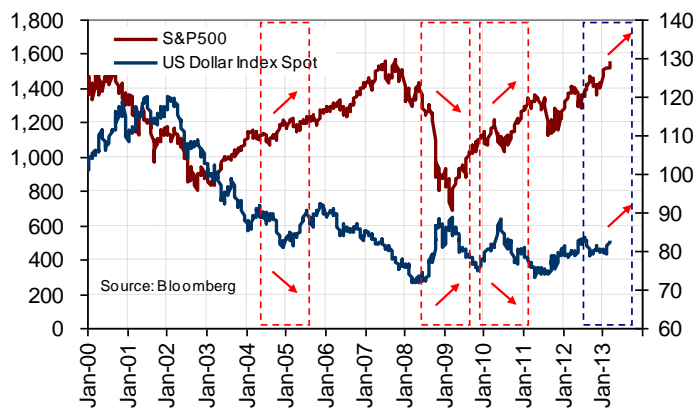
Furthermore, fiscal uncertainties persist: (i) the need to pass a bill by 27th March to extend routine government funding for federal program/agencies to avoid a possible partial government shutdown, (ii) the need to raise its US\$16.4tn debt limit after 18th May, as well as (iii) the absence of a medium-term deficit reduction deal.

Maintain Long USD against EUR, JPY

Our prognosis at the start of this year (GMAS dated 4th Jan) was for the USD to gain ground against the EUR as well as the JPY. And indeed we have been correct thus far with the EURUSD dipping below the key 1.30 level while the USDJPY has blazed through the 95 strong resistance level.

Looking ahead, the USD is likely to relinquish its status as a funding currency to the JPY and instead continue to outperform along with risky assets.

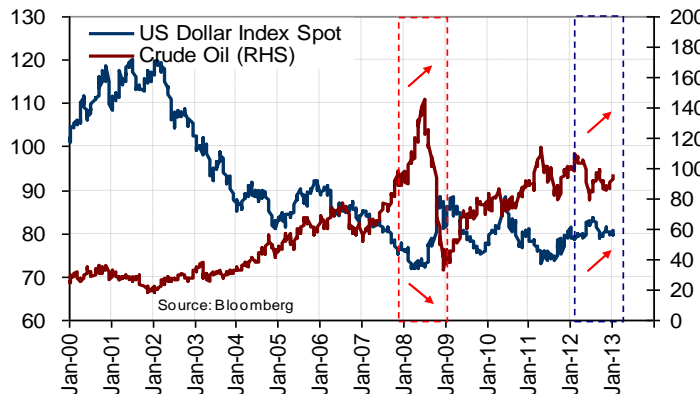
A structural shift in the USD –positive correlation with risk asset



The shale gas revolution will result in gradually energy independence for the US and correspondingly reduces its reliance on oil (a relatively more expensive energy source). This will translate to an improved current account balance, consequently lending support to the USD.

The shale gas boom also portends a weaker correlation between crude oil and the USD, thereby easing the inflation-growth trade-off in the US. This will increase the attractiveness of US assets, barring a disorderly exit from the large-scale asset purchases.

Has the USD decoupled from oil? Incipient signs of a structural break in the negative relationship between the oil-USD relationship which has previously resulted in undesired volatility in the business cycle.



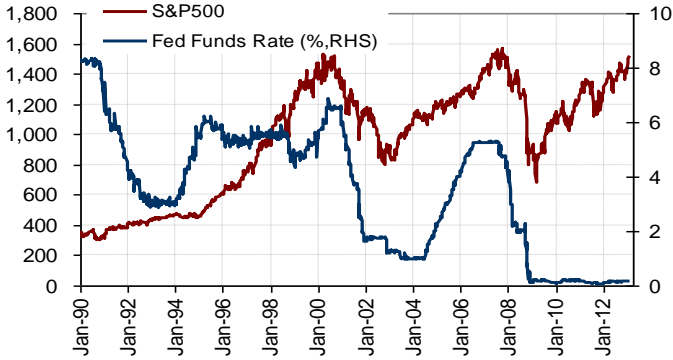
Low Conviction on Treasuries and US Investment Grade Corporate Debt -maintain UW for both of them- on account of poor reward to risk ratio.

In view of encouraging (albeit tepid) signs of a global cyclical upturn and resilient domestic demand, the inevitable question will be: When will the Fed pull away the QE punchbowl and what happens after that? To be sure, an exit from the LSAP should signal a strengthening economy, in which case equities would rally even more (as a selloff in bonds under Fed withdrawal and a strengthening economy would entail a cycle out of bonds into stocks). But if the exit is too early, or judged by the market to be too early, both the economy could slow and equity risk-on be

20 March 2013

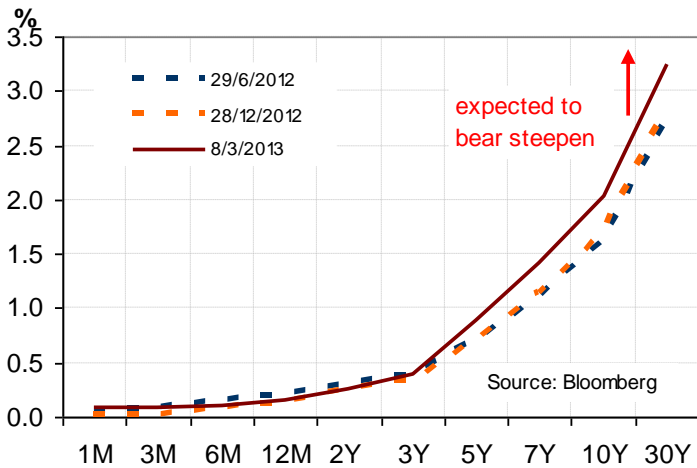
halted, as was the case in 1994. Recall that in 1994 the S&P500 bull run stalled that year as the Fed Funds rate soared 400bp between Jan94 to Feb95. Do note in this premature exit from loosening scenario, equity risk-on only stalled and resumed its climb in 1995 as the economy withstood the tightening. The end of LSAP therefore could cut either way, and depends much on the skill of the Fed's timing and reading of the underlying economy.

Note the sharp rise in interest rates from Jan94 to Feb95 merely stalled the bull run for a year as the exit from loose policy did not result in a weak economy. Will the Fed this time read the economy as well as in 1994?

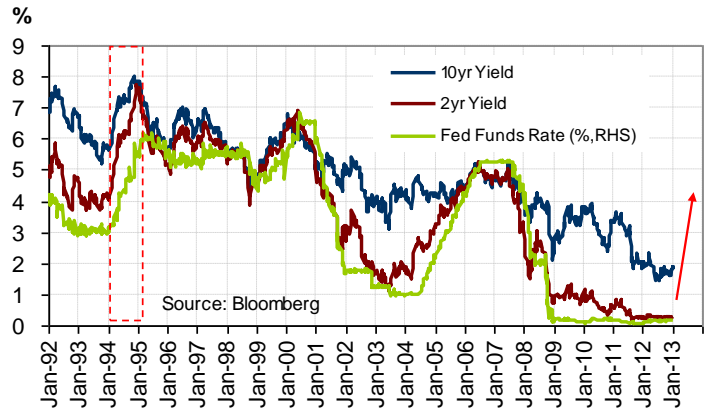
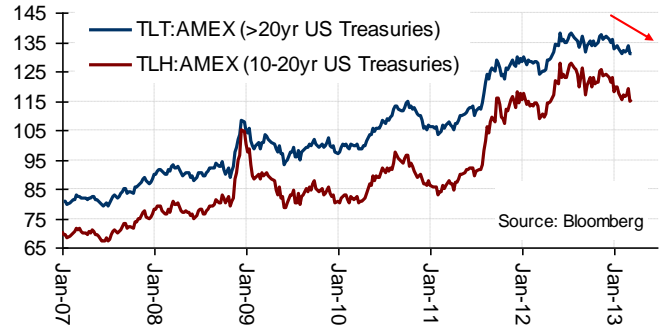


The effect is that we expect the US Treasury yield curve to continue to bear steepen (consistent with our 21st Dec US Macro Strategy), with long-term bond yields rising faster due to improving sentiment on the US economy following the cyclical upturn, while yields at the short end remain anchored. Furthermore, rates at the long-end of the yield curve could go even higher, especially if the sequester is watered down and Congress reach a bipartisan medium-term deficit reduction plan. **As US investment grade corporate debt tends to track US treasuries, we maintained UWs for both of them.**

US Treasury yield curve have continued to bear steepen, with long-term bond yields rising faster



Little upside to US Treasuries as they are highly sensitive to interest rate hikes



| Total Return | 2012 | 2013 | 2013 rtn (ytd) | |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Bonds | | | | |
| US Treasuries | OW to UW 9th Oct | UW | -3.3% | correct |
| US MBS | OW | OW to UW 23rd Jan | -0.4% | correct |
| US Corp IG | OW to MW 9th Oct | UW | -1.0% | correct |
| US Corp HY | OW | OW to MW 18th Feb | 1.8% | correct |
| EM-Asia US\$ IG | OW | OW to UW 23rd Jan | -1.0% | correct |
| EM-Asia LC IG | OW | OW to MW 23rd Jan | 0.8% | correct |
| EM-Asia HY | OW | OW to MW 18th Feb | 1.0% | correct |
| simple average: | OW | MW | -0.3% | correct |
| Equities | | | | |
| World | MW | OW | 7.4% | correct |
| US | UW to MW 21st Dec | MW to OW 14th March | 9.5% | <=upgrade |
| EZ | UW | UW | 6.0% | <= too pessimistic again? |
| Japan | - | MW | 20.2% | Possible Upside to MW call |
| Korea | MW | MW | -0.5% | Under Review- Downgrade UW |
| Taiwan | MW | MW | 4.0% | correct |
| China (A) | OW 22nd Oct | OW | 4.5% | Near-term weakness on property curbs |
| China (H) | OW 22nd Oct | OW | -3.2% | Near-term weakness on property curbs |
| HK | OW 8th Oct | OW | 4.2% | correct |
| SG | OW | OW | 3.6% | correct |
| MY | MW | MW | -1.3% | <= reassess after elections |
| TH | OW | OW | 6.7% | correct |
| ID | MW | MW | 13.0% | Under Review- Upgrade OW |
| PH | OW | OW | 16.3% | correct |
| India | UW | UW | -0.9% | correct |
| Commodities | | | | |
| Gold | UW | UW | -5.3% | correct |

OW = Overweight | MW = Marketweight | UW = Underweight

Source: PSR, Bloomberg (14 Mar 2013)

20 March 2013

Global Macro, Asset Strategy Team, Phillip Securities Research

OW = Overweight ; MW = Neutralweight ; UW = Underweight

| Broad Asset | Sub-Asset | Rating | ETF | Phillip CFD |
|---------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--|---|
| Bonds (MW) | US Treasuries | UW | TLH.AMEX / TLT.AMEX | |
| | US Mortgage Backed | UW | VMBS.AMEX / MBG.AMEX | |
| | US Corp | UW | VCLT.AMEX / LQD.AMEX | |
| | US Corp High Yield | MW | HYG.AMEX / JNK.AMEX | |
| | EM US\$ Govt | UW | EMB.AMEX | |
| | EM LC Govt | MW | LEMB.AMEX | |
| | EM US\$ HY Corp & Govt | MW | EMHY.AMEX | |
| | Asian US\$ Govt & Corp | UW | N6M.SGX | |
| | Asian LC Govt & Corp | MW | N6L.SGX | |
| | Asian US\$ Corp HY | MW | O9P.SGX | |
| Equities (OW) | US | OW | SPDR S&P 500 (SPY:AMEX) | US SP 500 Index USD5 CFD (S&P500) / Wall Street Index USD1 CFD (DJIA)/ US Tech 100 Index USD5 CFD |
| | Europe | UW | SPDR Stoxx 50 (FEU:AMEX) | |
| | Australia | - | iShares MSCI Australia (IOZ:ASX) | |
| | Japan | MW | Nomura Nikkei 225 (1321.JP) | Japan 225 Index JPY100 CFD (Nikkei 225) / Tokyo Index JPY1000 CFD (Topix) |
| | S.Korea | MW | DBXT - MSCI Korea (IH2:SGX) | |
| | Taiwan | MW | DBXT - MSCI Taiwan (HD7:SGX) | Taiwan Index USD20 CFD (MSCI Taiwan) |
| | China A shares | OW | CSI300 (83188.HK) / SSE 50 (JK8.SGX) | FTSE China A50 Index USD1 CFD |
| | China H shares | OW | HKCEI (2828.HK) | H Shares Index HKD5 CFD (HSCEI) |
| | HK | OW | Hang Seng (2800.HK) | Hong Kong 40 Index HKD5 CFD (Hang Seng) |
| | Singapore | OW | SPDR STI (ES3:SGX) | STI SGD5 CFD / S'pore Index SGD20 CFD (SMSCI) |
| | Malaysia | MW | DBXT - MSCI Malaysia (LG6:SGX) | CIMB ASEAN40 ETF (QS0:SGX for S\$ or M62:SGX for US\$) |
| | Thailand | OW | DBXT - MSCI Thailand TRN (LG7:SGX) | |
| | Indonesia | MW | DBXT - MSCI Indonesia (KJ7:SGX) | |
| | Philippines | OW | DBXT - MSCI Philippines (N2E:SGX) | |
| | Vietnam | MW | DBXT - FTSE Vietnam (HD9:SGX) | |
| India | UW | iShares MSCI India (I98:SGX) | India50 Index USD1 CFD (S&P CNX Nifty) | |
| Commodities | | MW | Lyxor Commodity 10\$US (A0W:SGX) | |
| Gold | | UW | SPDR Gold ETF (O87:SGX or GLD:AMEX) | |

20 March 2013

Important Information

This publication is prepared by Phillip Securities Research Pte Ltd., 250 North Bridge Road, #06-00, Raffles City Tower, Singapore 179101 (Registration Number: 198803136N), which is regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore ("Phillip Securities Research"). By receiving or reading this publication, you agree to be bound by the terms and limitations set out below.

This publication has been provided to you for personal use only and shall not be reproduced, distributed or published by you in whole or in part, for any purpose. If you have received this document by mistake, please delete or destroy it, and notify the sender immediately. Phillip Securities Research shall not be liable for any direct or consequential loss arising from any use of material contained in this publication.

The information contained in this publication has been obtained from public sources, which Phillip Securities Research has no reason to believe are unreliable and any analysis, forecasts, projections, expectations and opinions (collectively, the "Research") contained in this publication are based on such information and are expressions of belief of the individual author or the indicated source (as applicable) only. Phillip Securities Research has not verified this information and no representation or warranty, express or implied, is made that such information or Research is accurate, complete, appropriate or verified or should be relied upon as such. Any such information or Research contained in this publication is subject to change, and Phillip Securities Research shall not have any responsibility to maintain or update the information or Research made available or to supply any corrections, updates or releases in connection therewith. In no event will Phillip Securities Research or persons associated with or connected to Phillip Securities Research, including but not limited to its officers, directors, employees or persons involved in the preparation or issuance of this report, (i) be liable in any manner whatsoever for any consequences (including but not limited to any special, direct, indirect, incidental or consequential losses, loss of profits and damages) of any reliance or usage of this publication or (ii) accept any legal responsibility from any person who receives this publication, even if it has been advised of the possibility of such damages. You must make the final investment decision and accept all responsibility for your investment decision, including, but not limited to your reliance on the information, data and/or other materials presented in this publication.

Any opinions, forecasts, assumptions, estimates, valuations and prices contained in this material are as of the date indicated and are subject to change at any time without prior notice.

Past performance of any product referred to in this publication is not indicative of future results.

This report does not constitute, and should not be used as a substitute for, tax, legal or investment advice. This publication should not be relied upon exclusively or as authoritative, without further being subject to the recipient's own independent verification and exercise of judgment. The fact that this publication has been made available constitutes neither a recommendation to enter into a particular transaction, nor a representation that any product described in this material is suitable or appropriate for the recipient. Recipients should be aware that many of the products, which may be described in this publication involve significant risks and may not be suitable for all investors, and that any decision to enter into transactions involving such products should not be made, unless all such risks are understood and an independent determination has been made that such transactions would be appropriate. Any discussion of the risks contained herein with respect to any product should not be considered to be a disclosure of all risks or a complete discussion of such risks.

Nothing in this report shall be construed to be an offer or solicitation for the purchase or sale of any product. Any decision to purchase any product mentioned in this research should take into account existing public information, including any registered prospectus in respect of such product.

Phillip Securities Research, or persons associated with or connected to Phillip Securities Research, including but not limited to its officers, directors, employees or persons involved in the preparation or issuance of this report, may provide an array of financial services to a large number of corporations in Singapore and worldwide, including but not limited to commercial / investment banking activities (including sponsorship, financial advisory or underwriting activities), brokerage or securities trading activities. Phillip Securities Research, or persons associated with or connected to Phillip Securities Research, including but not limited to its officers, directors, employees or persons involved in the preparation or issuance of this report, may have participated in or invested in transactions with the issuer(s) of the securities mentioned in this publication, and may have performed services for or solicited business from such issuers. Additionally, Phillip Securities Research, or persons associated with or connected to Phillip Securities Research, including but not limited to its officers, directors, employees or persons involved in the

20 March 2013

preparation or issuance of this report, may have provided advice or investment services to such companies and investments or related investments, as may be mentioned in this publication.

Phillip Securities Research or persons associated with or connected to Phillip Securities Research, including but not limited to its officers, directors, employees or persons involved in the preparation or issuance of this report may, from time to time maintain a long or short position in securities referred to herein, or in related futures or options, purchase or sell, make a market in, or engage in any other transaction involving such securities, and earn brokerage or other compensation in respect of the foregoing. Investments will be denominated in various currencies including US dollars and Euro and thus will be subject to any fluctuation in exchange rates between US dollars and Euro or foreign currencies and the currency of your own jurisdiction. Such fluctuations may have an adverse effect on the value, price or income return of the investment.

To the extent permitted by law, Phillip Securities Research, or persons associated with or connected to Phillip Securities Research, including but not limited to its officers, directors, employees or persons involved in the preparation or issuance of this report, may at any time engage in any of the above activities as set out above or otherwise hold an interest, whether material or not, in respect of companies and investments or related investments, which may be mentioned in this publication. Accordingly, information may be available to Phillip Securities Research, or persons associated with or connected to Phillip Securities Research, including but not limited to its officers, directors, employees or persons involved in the preparation or issuance of this report, which is not reflected in this material, and Phillip Securities Research, or persons associated with or connected to Phillip Securities Research, including but not limited to its officers, directors, employees or persons involved in the preparation or issuance of this report, may, to the extent permitted by law, have acted upon or used the information prior to or immediately following its publication. Phillip Securities Research, or persons associated with or connected to Phillip Securities Research, including but not limited to its officers, directors, employees or persons involved in the preparation or issuance of this report, may have issued other material that is inconsistent with, or reach different conclusions from, the contents of this material.

The information, tools and material presented herein are not directed, intended for distribution to or use by, any person or entity in any jurisdiction or country where such distribution, publication, availability or use would be contrary to the applicable law or regulation or which would subject Phillip Securities Research to any registration or licensing or other requirement, or penalty for contravention of such requirements within such jurisdiction.

Section 27 of the Financial Advisers Act (Cap. 110) of Singapore and the MAS Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products (FAA-N01) do not apply in respect of this publication.

This material is intended for general circulation only and does not take into account the specific investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs of any particular person. The products mentioned in this material may not be suitable for all investors and a person receiving or reading this material should seek advice from a professional and financial adviser regarding the legal, business, financial, tax and other aspects including the suitability of such products, taking into account the specific investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs of that person, before making a commitment to invest in any of such products.

Please contact Phillip Securities Research at [65 65311240] in respect of any matters arising from, or in connection with, this document.

This report is only for the purpose of distribution in Singapore.

Contact Information (Singapore Research Team)

Chan Wai Chee

CEO, Research

Special Opportunities

+65 6531 1231

yebo@phillip.com.sg

Go Choon Koay, Bryan

Investment Analyst

Property

+65 6531 1792

gock@phillip.com.sg

Ng Weiwen

Macro Analyst

Global Macro, Asset Strategy

+65 6531 1735

ngww@phillip.com.sg

Research Assistant

General Enquiries

+65 6531 1240 (Phone)

research@phillip.com.sg

Joshua Tan

Head of Research

Global Macro, Asset Strategy

+65 6531 1249

joshuatan@phillip.com.sg

Travis Seah

Investment Analyst

REITs

+65 6531 1229

travisseahhk@phillip.com.sg

Roy Chen

Macro Analyst

Global Macro, Asset Strategy

+65 6531 1535

roychencz@phillip.com.sg

Derrick Heng

Deputy Head of Research

SG Equity Strategist &
Transport

+65 6531 1221

derrickhengch@phillip.com.sg

Ken Ang

Investment Analyst

Financials, Telecoms

+65 6531 1793

kenangwy@phillip.com.sg

Nicholas Ong

Investment Analyst

Commodities, Offshore & Marine

+65 6531 5440

nicholasonghg@phillip.com.sg

20 March 2013

Contact Information (Regional Member Companies)

SINGAPORE

Phillip Securities Pte Ltd
 Raffles City Tower
 250, North Bridge Road #06-00
 Singapore 179101
 Tel +65 6533 6001
 Fax +65 6535 6631
 Website: www.poems.com.sg

HONG KONG

Phillip Securities (HK) Ltd
 Exchange Participant of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong
 11/F United Centre 95 Queensway
 Hong Kong
 Tel +852 2277 6600
 Fax +852 2868 5307
 Websites: www.phillip.com.hk

INDONESIA

PT Phillip Securities Indonesia
 ANZ Tower Level 23B,
 Jl Jend Sudirman Kav 33A
 Jakarta 10220 – Indonesia
 Tel +62-21 5790 0800
 Fax +62-21 5790 0809
 Website: www.phillip.co.id

THAILAND

Phillip Securities (Thailand) Public Co. Ltd
 15th Floor, Vorawat Building,
 849 Silom Road, Silom, Bangrak,
 Bangkok 10500 Thailand
 Tel +66-2 6351700 / 22680999
 Fax +66-2 22680921
 Website www.phillip.co.th

UNITED KINGDOM

King & Shaxson Capital Limited
 6th Floor, Candlewick House,
 120 Cannon Street,
 London, EC4N 6AS
 Tel +44-20 7426 5950
 Fax +44-20 7626 1757
 Website: www.kingandshaxson.com

AUSTRALIA

PhillipCapital
 Level 12, 15 William Street,
 Melbourne, Victoria 3000, Australia
 Tel +61-03 9629 8288
 Fax +61-03 9629 8882
 Website: www.phillipcapital.com.au

MALAYSIA

Phillip Capital Management Sdn Bhd
 B-3-6 Block B Level 3 Megan Avenue II,
 No. 12, Jalan Yap Kwan Seng, 50450
 Kuala Lumpur
 Tel +603 2162 8841
 Fax +603 2166 5099
 Website: www.poems.com.my

JAPAN

Phillip Securities Japan, Ltd.
 4-2 Nihonbashi Kabuto-cho Chuo-ku,
 Tokyo 103-0026
 Tel +81-3 3666 2101
 Fax +81-3 3666 6090
 Website: www.phillip.co.jp

CHINA

Phillip Financial Advisory (Shanghai) Co. Ltd
 No 550 Yan An East Road,
 Ocean Tower Unit 2318,
 Postal code 200001
 Tel +86-21 5169 9200
 Fax +86-21 6351 2940
 Website: www.phillip.com.cn

FRANCE

King & Shaxson Capital Limited
 3rd Floor, 35 Rue de la Bienfaisance 75008
 Paris France
 Tel +33-1 45633100
 Fax +33-1 45636017
 Website: www.kingandshaxson.com

UNITED STATES

Phillip Futures Inc
 141 W Jackson Blvd Ste 3050
 The Chicago Board of Trade Building
 Chicago, IL 60604 USA
 Tel +1-312 356 9000
 Fax +1-312 356 9005